

A Summer Proposition.

Well, now, there's the

ICE QUESTION!

You know you'll need ice, you know it is a necessity in hot weather. We believe you are anxious to get that ice which will give you satisfaction, and we'd like to supply you. Order from

THE OAHU ICE & ELECTRIC CO.,

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W. G. IRWIN & CO., LTD,

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The Elite Ice Cream Parlors.
 Chocolates and Confections
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THE FINEST RESORT IN THE CITY

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Speed and Comfort

Three trains daily through cars, first and second class to all points. Reduced rates take effect soon. Write early.

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SAN FRANCISCO TO CHICAGO IN

Less Than 3 Days

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 Electric Lights, Reading Lamps,
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OAHU RAILWAY AND LAND CO'S

TIME TABLE

MAY 1ST, 1903.

OUTWARD.

For Waianae, Waiakua, Kahuku and
 Way Stations—9:15 a. m., 9:30 p. m.
 For Pearl City, Ewa Mill and Way
 Stations—11:30 a. m., 9:15 a. m.,
 11:05 a. m., 9:15 p. m., 9:30 p. m.,
 9:15 p. m., 9:15 p. m., 9:30 p. m.,
 11:15 p. m.

INWARD.

Arrive Honolulu from Kahuku, Waianae and Waiakua—9:30 a. m., 9:31 p. m.
 Arrive Honolulu from Ewa Mill and Pearl City—10:50 a. m., 11:46 a. m., 9:05 a. m., 10:35 a. m., 9:05 p. m., 9:05 p. m., 9:31 p. m., 9:40 p. m.
 * Daily.
 † Sunday Excepted.
 ‡ Sunday only.

G. P. DENNISON F. C. SMITH,
 Supt. A. P. A. T. A.

Built Me Up

Have you been ill? Are you still weak and discouraged? Do not get strength as fast as you think you should? Then take a good tonic, something that will aid your digestion and build you up quickly.



Here is a letter from Mr. R. Bartholomew, Jr., Mt. Torrens, So. Australia. He also sends his photograph.
 "After a very severe attack of rheumatic fever I was left in a very weak condition. It was feared that I could not possibly pull through. I could get no help from any medicine. I feel sure that unless there had been a change just at that time I could not have recovered. But a friend of mine had taken Ayer's Sarsaparilla and knew what a splendid tonic it was. So he urged me to try it. I can now truthfully say that I felt better even after the first dose. It seemed to build me right up from the very start, and in a few weeks my recovery was complete."

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

There are many imitation Sarsaparillas. Be sure you get "Ayer's." Promptly correct any tendency to constipation or biliousness. Ayer's Pills are sugar-coated, easy to take, mild in action.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

The Spring Tonic

That most people need—that the knowing ones get—is world famous

Rainier BEER

Made by people who know how to put new strength and vigor in every drop.

RAINIER BOTTLING WORKS,
 AGENTS FOR HAWAII.

PHONE WHITE 1331
 P. O. BOX 517.

Elastic Carbon Paint

A compound of graphite and mineral pigments selected and finely ground for service and protection on iron, wood, tin or paper roofing and all kinds of iron and steel work.

Made in black only.

Guaranteed fire-proof, water-proof and acid-proof for five years.

Ready mixed for use.

Stops leaks and lasts a lifetime.

Sold by

LEWERS & COOKE, LTD

177 SOUTH KING ST.

The Orpheum

SATURDAY NIGHT, APRIL 30TH

Dave Barry

v.s.

Cyclone Kelly

15 Rounds
 Marquis of Queensbury Rules.
 Weight, 160 Pounds.

Also the following first-class preliminaries.

FREITAS vs. SOARES.

4 rounds at 115 pounds.

BATES vs. MATTOX.

4 rounds at 150 pounds.

MODLIN vs. NEILL.

6-ROUNDS-6

For the lightweight championship.

PRICES:

Stage, \$2.50; Orchestra, \$2.00; Dress Circle, \$1.50; Gallery, 50c.

Half of seats opens Thursday morning at Orpheum Box Office.

Star Want ads pay at once.

FISH THEORY OF LEPROSY

(Continued from page three).

ed by all authorities. It is a most important fact. The bacillus is exceedingly like that of tuberculosis. So far as trustworthy observation has yet gone, it cannot be kept alive or cultivated outside the human body, nor can it be conveyed to animals. It is, further, highly probable that it cannot be transferred from person to person by touch, by breath, nor even by inoculation, whether accidental or intentional. Certain facts, however, make it in a high degree probable that, if received into the stomach of a healthy person—that is, by food contaminated by a leper's hands—it might produce the disease. This special kind of risk is, however, of but rare occurrence, and it is encountered almost solely by infants nursed by leprosy mothers, and by young children who may accept food directly from the hands of lepers. It is not one to which grown-up persons are likely to be exposed, unless exceptionally careless in feeding, for the leprosy bacillus appears to have but a low vitality, and does not survive long after removal from its host.

It is, perhaps, scarcely needful to recapitulate the facts which discredit the old belief in the spread of leprosy by contagion. The attendants in leper asylums do not contract it, husband and wife very seldom suffer at the same time, and its subjects are freely brought into non-leprosy districts (the Continent, England, the United States, etc.), and, although no precautions may be observed, the disease never spreads. During the last two centuries there have always been a certain number of lepers (imported) residing in France, England, and other countries, apparently without any risk to the community.

The evidence which connects leprosy with bad fish is, as I have already admitted, of an inferential or circumstantial kind, but it may be suggested that as such it is quite as strong as that which convicted the Tichborne claimant of perjury, and nearly as strong as that which very properly sent the Moat Farm murderer to the gallows. It is more complicated, and needs for its estimation longer and closer attention; but if this be given, it is scarcely less conclusive. There is a bare possibility that some one other than the man Douglas fired the shot for which he was hung, and there is a bare possibility that the eating of decomposing fish is not the ordinary cause of leprosy, but that is all that can be said in either case.

In a certain stage of civilization there is an actual preference for fish in a tainted condition.

The testimony of observers in all parts of the world supports this statement. It would appear, however, that it is an acquired or cultivated taste like that for high game, and that if it once be lost it is succeeded by definite aversion.

This revulsion of taste has long ago happily passed over the greater part of Europe, including the British Isles. In these regions it would in the present day be impossible—even were there no sanitary inspectors—to dispose of stinking fish; but it was not so in the Middle Ages, and it is even now not so at many fishing stations; nor, for instance, is it in Norway, Iceland or Tracadie. In the places named, tainted fish is still by many preferred to fresh, and leprosy still prevails.

There is good reason to hope that, once got rid of, this perversion of taste is not likely to recur, and in this rests one of our chief hopes for the extinction of leprosy.

Before the days of railways, before even good roads and fast coaches were fairly general, game, both venison and birds, was sent from the distant moors of Scotland and Yorkshire and other sporting districts to the dwellers in towns, and especially in London, where fashions were born.

Owing to the very slow transportation, slower in the shooting season of autumn and winter than any other time of the year, the game got high by the time it was delivered. And in this condition it was eaten, and so the taste for it was acquired.

Now that game can be brought fresh from the most remote parts of the United Kingdom to any of the towns, the taste for high game has almost entirely died out. The same reason may apply to fish going from the coast to inland centers. It would be practically impossible to sell tainted fish today in an inland town, but extracts from Erasmus recently printed in the London Times bear testimony to the appetite for offensive fish which existed in England in the sixteenth century. Let me glance in the briefest possible terms at the facts.

(1) In almost all countries and most ages fish food has come under popular suspicion.

(2) Every statement which has been made in supposed confutation has been disproved.

(3) No other explanation of the prevalence of the disease can be suggested which will bear for a moment the consideration of any one acquainted with the facts.

(4) We have dismissed as disproven the theory of contagion, and the fish hypothesis now stands alone.

(5) From many regions where the disease formerly prevailed it has wholly disappeared, and this has always been coincident with improvement in agriculture and the comparative disuse of fish as food; assisted not infrequently by a change of religious creed.

(6) At the present time it may be asserted that all the regions where the disease is either remarkably persistent or excessively prevalent are either fishing centers or come under the influence of Roman Catholicism.

(7) The success of Roman Catholic missions appears to increase very remarkably the prevalence of leprosy; although in all other respects they may have much conducted to the well-being of the community concerned.

(8) In India those who profess vegetarianism are almost wholly free, those with whom it is a matter of indifference suffer in moderate degree, and those who observe fish-eating fast days in very remarkable excess.

(9) In India, while the general prevalence is only three or four per 10,000, it rises on the Island of Minicoy, which is devoted to fishing, to 150, and in Kaligoon, which is also a fish-curing center, to 500.

(10) In several places (Cape Colony, the Sandwich Islands, etc.), the outbreak of leprosy followed directly on the introduction of fish curing.

(11) In other places tradition credits the introduction of the disease to Catholic missionaries; and sometimes, as in the States of Colombia, asserts that a priest was the first victim.

(12) Father Damien's case was only one among many which have occurred in which Catholic priests, living in leprosy districts and eating the fish of the country, have themselves become lepers.

Regard for space alone prevents the mention of many other facts.

The measures which should be taken in order to reduce the prevalence of leprosy, and to bring about in the end its extinction, may be arranged under several headings. First, we have the diffusion of knowledge of its cause. Such knowledge will naturally bring about the avoidance of the incriminated article of food. Thanks, sir, to the attention which your world-read columns have been the means of attracting to the subject, there is reason to hope that already much good has been done.

Although the fish hypothesis has not as yet been openly endorsed by many of the leading members of my own profession, there is no doubt that a widespread impression as to its validity has been produced. Before long it may be possible to give to it from the heads of the medical profession a sanction which will be beyond dispute. When the imprimatur is obtained, it will become the duty of governments, missionary organizations, etc., to give their active aid in bringing the saving knowledge home to those ultimately concerned. It will also become the duty of all in civil authority to enforce the adequate supervision of all salt fish factories.—Jonathan Hutchinson.

NOTHING

QUITE SO HANDY AS THOSE LIGHT

Folding Card Tables

that we have been selling for the past few months. Our third shipment of these tables and also of Billiard Tables has just come.

Playing Cards in all styles from the cheap to the best made.

The Burrows Billiard & Pool Table is light, strong, has rubber cushions, regulation balls and cues and costs only one quarter what an ordinary table sells for. Two sizes carried in stock.

E. O. HALL & SON, LTD.

Herbert E. Gares, Manager.

Hind, Rolph & Co., Agents.

THE ISLAND MEAT COMPANY

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUTCHERS.

Located on Fort Street, opposite Love Building.

Supply of Island Turkeys Now on Hand From Kahikēni Ranch. A supply of the finest quality of Island meats, poultry and game, together with all other market goods, as so imported goods which are in demand by the public will always be on hand.

Telephone Main 76.

Honolulu, T. H.

Blankets! Special Sale of Blankets In All Sizes and Colors

K. ISOSHIMA,

NO. 30, S. KING STREET

NEAR BETHEN

PROBATE ORDERS.

Judge Robinson granted the petition of Philomena Costa, widow of deceased in appointing Fred T. P. Waterhouse as administrator of the estate of the late Candido Carcia, which is of about the value of \$1764.

Byron K. Baird, administrator of the estate of his late father, U. S. District Attorney John C. Baird, has filed his final account with petition for discharge. He received \$1020 and paid \$241, leaving a balance of \$779.

Judge De Bolt approved the account and ordered the discharge of David Deyton, temporary administrator of the estate of J. B. Anderson, deceased. All but actual costs were remitted. There is a balance of \$74.05 out of \$105.29 received.

BOTHELO ESTATE.

Judge Robinson yesterday granted Thereza de Aguiar guardian of Guilherme Botelho, minor, leave to expend \$6 a month out of the principal, also to draw \$25 for paying a bill of Drs. Waterhouse & Judd. He also granted John P. Dias, guardian of Antonia Botelho, minor, leave to expend \$15 a month for the ward's maintenance and education.

OLD MORTGAGE OUTLAWED.

Judge P. L. Weaver has granted a decree in the Court of Land Registration to J. Oswald Lutted for title to certain land at Waikiki, subject to two mortgages to Bishop & Co. and Henry Holmes respectively. An old mortgage to J. M. Monsarrat, which had been interposed to the granting of title, was adjudged to be outlawed. It was made twenty-two years ago.

Before You Start on a Journey, procure a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This may save you much trouble and annoyance as it can not be bought on board the cars or steamship. For all forms of stomach and bowel troubles this remedy has no equal. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE SITUATE AT KALIA, WAIKIKI, DISTRICT OF HONOLULU, ISLAND OF OAHU, AND AT PUEO, DISTRICT OF HILO, ISLAND OF HAWAII, TERRITORY OF HAWAII.

Pursuant to a Decree made by the Honorable J. T. De Bolt, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Judicial Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, filed on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1904, in a cause entitled H. Hackfeld & Company Limited, vs. J. M. McChesney and The First National Bank of Hawaii at Honolulu. Bill to foreclose a mortgage, Equity Division No. 1395, the undersigned, as Commissioner duly appointed, will expose for sale at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, subject to confirmation by the court, ON SATURDAY, MAY 14TH A. D. 1904 at 12 o'clock noon of said day at the mauka (front) entrance to the Judiciary Building, in Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, all the right title and interest of the Mortgagor in and to the following described property to wit:

First. All that certain piece or parcel of land situate at Kalia, Waikiki, Honolulu aforesaid, and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point on mauka side of Waikiki road, 350 feet on S. 27-40 E. True from the base corner of Waikiki and Kalia Roads and running as follows, to wit:

1. S. 27-40 E. True 215 feet along Waikiki Road.
 2. S. 63-30 W. Mag. 150 feet,

3. N. 29-00 W. Mag. 73.5 feet,
 4. S. 63-30 W. Mag. 114.2 feet,
 5. N. 36-30 W. Mag. 128.5 feet,
 6. S. 87-00 W. Mag. 178 feet,
 7. N. 52-15 W. Mag. 54 feet,
 8. N. 19-30 W. Mag. 67 feet to the Kalia Road.

9. N. 49-20 E. True 72 feet along Kalia Road.

10. N. 47-20 E. True 178 feet along Kalia Road, to Lot 8 for Lau Yin.

11. S. 87-40 E. True 300 feet along Lots 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13.

12. N. 47-20 E. True 116 feet along Lot 13 and road 15 feet wide to the corner of Lots 6 and 7.

13. 27-40 E. True 50 feet along Lot 7 to James Powell.

14. N. 47-20 E. True 110 feet along Lot 7 to James Powell to the initial point; containing an area of 86,611 square feet, more or less; and being parts of L. C. Award 2081 to Kaneohe and Apana, L. C. A. 2083 to Kahaloa and being the same premises conveyed to said Mortgagor by Lau Chong by deed dated July 8th, 1898, of record in the Hawaiian Registry of Deeds in Liber 167, pages 13 to 15.

Second.—All and singular those three certain pieces or parcels of land situate at Puueo, District of Hilo, Island of Hawaii, being Lots 1, 2 and 18, in Block 2 respectively, of the survey of the Puueo Lots, made by E. D. Baldwin, which said Lots are more particularly described as follows:

Lot Number 1, Block 2: Beginning at the Southwest corner of this Lot on Puueo Street, which point is North 18-20 West (true) 190 feet from the Southwest corner of Lot 1, Block 1, and running: North 18-20 West (true) 75 feet along Puueo Street, North 79-15 East (true) 150 feet along Lot 2; South 18-20 West (true) 75 feet along Lot 18; South 79-15 West (true) 150 feet along Kennedy Avenue, to the point of beginning, and containing an area of 11,124 square feet.

Lot Number 2, Block 2: Beginning at the Southwest corner of this Lot on Puueo Street which point is North 18-20 West, 265 feet from the Southwest corner of Lot 1, Block 1, and running: North 18-20 West (true) 75 feet along Puueo Street; North 79-15 East (true) 150 feet along Lot 3, to ship spike; South 18-20 East (true) 75 feet along Lot 18; South 79-15 West (true) 150 feet along Lot 1, to the point of beginning and containing an area of 11,124 square feet.

Lot Number 18, Block 2: Beginning at the Southeast corner of this Lot, on Kennedy Avenue, which point is North 18-20 East (true) 235 feet from the North corner of Puueo and Kennedy Streets, said North corner of streets, being North 18-20 West (true) 190 feet from the Southwest corner of Lot 1, Block 1, and running: South 79-15 West (true) 75 feet along Kennedy Avenue; (true) 75 feet along Puueo Street; North 18-20 West (true) 150 feet along Lot 1 and 2 to ship's spike; North 79-15 East (true) 75 feet along Lot 5, 15 East (true) 75 feet along Lot 17 to the point of beginning and containing an area of 11,124 square feet and being the same premises conveyed to said Mortgagor by the Hilo Sugar Company by deed dated April 22nd, 1897 of record in the said Registry of Deeds in Liber 167, pages 250 to 252.

Terms of sale are cash in U. S. Gold Coin. Deed at expense of purchaser. For further particulars inquire of Messrs. Kinney, McClanahan & Cooper at their offices, Rooms 202-205, in Judd Building on Fort Street, Honolulu, T. H., or to the undersigned at his office in the Judiciary Building.

P. D. KELLETT, JR.,
 Co. Misolomer.

Dated at Honolulu, Oahu, April 26th, 1904.

April 11, 14, 15, 21, 26, 28, May 1, 2, 9, 12 and 13.

Want ads in the Star bring quick results. Three lines three times for 15 cents.